

GENERAL INFORMATION		
Name: Marta Goicochea-Pappas	Phone #: 305-237-0848	
Course Prefix/Number: CHM 3120	Course Title: Introduction to Analytical Chemistry	
Number of Credits: 3 Credits		
Degree Type	$\square B.A. \square B.S. \square B.A.S \square A.A. \square A.S. \square A.A.S. \\ \square C.C.C. \square A.T.C. \square V.C.C$	
Date Submitted/Revised: 03/10/08	Effective Year/Term: 20081	
□ New Course Competency		
Course to be designated as a General Education course (part of the 36 hours of A.A. Gen. Ed. coursework): 🗌 Yes 🛛 🛛 🕅		
The above course links to the following Learning Outcomes:		
<ul> <li>☐ Communication</li> <li>⊠ Numbers / Data</li> <li>⊠ Critical thinking</li> <li>⊠ Information Literacy</li> <li>☐ Cultural / Global Perspective</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Social Responsibility</li> <li>Ethical Issues</li> <li>Computer / Technology Usage</li> <li>Aesthetic / Creative Activities</li> <li>Environmental Responsibility</li> </ul>	
Course Description:		
This course expands and deepens the student's knowledge of the theories, calculations, and methodologies used in analytical chemistry. Students will learn about acid-base equilibria and titrations; precipitation and complex formation; electrochemistry; oxidation-reduction; spectrophotochemical analytical methods; chromatographic techniques; statistical treatment of data; and sampling methods.		

Prerequisite(s): CHM 1046 and 1046L with a grade of C or better.	Co-requisite(s): CHM3120L
CHM 1046 and 1046L with a grade of C or better.	

## Course Competencies:

Competency 1: The student will demonstrate knowledge of statistical treatment of data by:

- 1. Applying statistical analysis to determine the validity and usefulness of experimental data.
- 2. Providing, treating, and manipulating analytical data.
- 3. Comparing and contrasting analytical precision and accuracy.

Competency 2: The student will demonstrate knowledge of volumetric analysis by:

- 1. Calculating concentrations.
- 2. Interconverting among concentration units.
- 3. Performing volumetric stoichiometric calculations.
- 4. Performing titration calculations (acid-base, reduction-oxidation, complexometric, precipitation).
- 5. Interpreting titration data and curves.
- 6. Plotting titration curves.
- 7. Selecting appropriate indicators that correctly signal the equivalence point in a titration.

## Revision Date:

Approved By Academic Dean Date: \_

Reviewed By Director of Academic Programs Date: \_

## Competency 3: The student will demonstrate knowledge of gravimetric analysis by:

- 1. Performing gravimetric stoichiometric calculations.
- 2. Explaining those factors (nucleation, particle growth, digestion, adsorption, absorption) that influence and cause precipitation.

Competency 4: The student will demonstrate knowledge of acid-base theory by:

- 1. Identifying properties and characteristics of acids, bases, salts, and buffers.
- 2. Explaining the use of buffers, buffering action, buffering capacity, buffer preparation, and the common-ion effect.
- 3. Demonstrating the relationship between acidity, alkalinity, neutrality, K<sub>a</sub>, K<sub>b</sub>, pK<sub>a</sub>, and pK<sub>b</sub>.
- 4. Predicting the outcome of acid-base equilibrium reactions.

## Competency 5: The student will demonstrate knowledge of the mathematical treatment of equilibria by:

- 1. Writing equilibrium expressions.
- 2. Manipulating equilibrium constants.
- 3. Identifying the characteristics of a dynamic equilibrium.
- 4. Calculating solubility products (K<sub>sp</sub>).
- 5. Explaining the common-ion effect and its quantitative effect on equilibria.
- 6. Calculating the pH, pOH, [H<sup>+</sup>], and [OH<sup>-</sup>] of acids, bases, salts and buffers as a function of concentration.
- 7. Solving equilibria problems.
- 8. Calculating the equilibrium constant for weak acids (monoprotic and polyprotic) and weak bases (monobasic and polybasic).
- 9. Predicting how various factors affect equilibria using the Le-Châtelier's Principle.
- 10. Expressing the relationship that exists between  $E^{\circ}$  (standard cell potential) and the equilibrium constant.
- 11. Explaining the effect of ionic strength on the solubility of salts.
- 12. Using activity coefficients in equilibrium calculations.

Reviewed By Director of Academic Programs Date: .

Competency 6: The student will demonstrate knowledge of electrochemistry by:

- 1. Comparing and contrasting oxidation and reduction.
- 2. Identifying the components of oxidation-reduction reactions.
- 3. Balancing oxidation-reduction reactions.
- 4. Relating Coulombs to quantity of reaction.
- 5. Relating current to the rate of reaction.
- 6. Describing the components and functions of Galvanic cells.
- 7. Using cell / line notation to describe an electrochemical cell.
- 8. Calculating standard potentials from half-cell potentials.
- 9. Using the Nernst equation to solve electrochemical problems.
- 10. Calculating electrical work.
- 11. Using standard electrochemical potentials to calculate equilibrium constants and standard Gibbs free energy.
- 12. Comparing and contrasting the use of various electrodes in potentiometry.
- 13. Describing standard electrode potentials, their measurement, and how electromotive force (EMF) is measured.
- 14. Describing the effect of concentration on electrode potentials.

Competency 7: The student will demonstrate knowledge of chromatographic methods by:

- 1. Explaining the main tenets of chromatographic analytical methods.
- 2. Explaining the instruments and techniques necessary for chromatographic analysis.
- 3. Explaining factors that affect chromatographic separation.
- 4. Analyzing and interpreting chromatograms.

Competency 8: The student will demonstrate knowledge of spectrophotometric absorption and emission methods by:

- 1. Applying Beer's Law and explaining its limitations.
- 2. Comparing and contrasting various spectrophotometric analytical methods.
- 3. Describing procedures and instruments used in spectrophotometric analysis.

Revision Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_

Reviewed By Director of Academic Programs Date: \_