

Miami-Dade Community College
MTG 4212 – College Geometry

Course Description: Topics include the axiomatic structure of Euclidean geometry as well as concepts from advanced Euclidean geometry and non-Euclidean geometry. *Three Credits*

Prerequisite: MAC 2312.

Course Competencies:

Competency 1: The student will demonstrate an understanding of the historical background and foundations of geometry by

- a. identifying the contributions of Thales and Pythagoras to Euclidean geometry.
- b. identifying the contributions of Euclid to the development and systemization of mathematical thought.
- c. identifying three classic construction problems in antiquity: squaring the circle, trisecting an angle, and doubling the cube.
- d. identifying the historical significance of Playfair's Postulate as a restatement of Euclid's Parallel Postulate.
- e. identifying the contributions of Saccheri, Bolyai, Lobachevsky, Poincare, and Riemann in the historical development on non-Euclidean geometries.

Competency 2: The student will demonstrate an understanding of the structure of axiomatic systems of geometry by

- a. identifying the features of axiomatic systems including undefined terms, defined terms, postulates, propositions, and rules of inference or logic.
- b. determining whether an axiomatic system is consistent, complete, and independent.
- c. identifying the significance of models in axiomatic geometrical systems.
- d. constructing direct proofs and proofs by contradiction.

Competency 3: The student will demonstrate an understanding of the significance of the neutral geometry of Euclid by

- a. identifying the first 28 Propositions from Book I of Euclid's *Elements*.
- b. identifying the significance of the first 28 Propositions in non-Euclidean geometry.

Competency 4: The student will demonstrate an understanding of advanced Euclidean geometry by

- a. constructing proofs utilizing only the propositions of neutral geometry.
- b. constructing proofs utilizing the Parallel Postulate.

- c. constructing proofs utilizing the congruence relations of triangles.
- d. constructing proofs illustrating the relationships among quadrilaterals and other polygonal forms.
- e. applying properties of polygons to tessellations of the plane.
- f. constructing proofs utilizing the elementary properties of circles.
- g. constructing proofs utilizing Euclid's concepts of area and volume.

Competency 5: The student will demonstrate an understanding of transformations in geometry by

- a. calculating coordinate transformations in the plane
- b. demonstrating translations, rotations, and other linear transformations in the plane.

Competency 6: The student will demonstrate an understanding of non-Euclidean geometry by

- a. identifying equivalent forms of Euclid's Fifth Postulate.
- b. identifying the criteria and models for hyperbolic geometry.
- c. identifying the criteria and models for spherical geometry.

Competency 7: The student will demonstrate an understanding of fractal geometry by

- a. identifying the principles of self-similarity.
- b. generating fractal curves.

Competency 8: The student will demonstrate an understanding of projective geometry by

- a. investigating the history of projective drawing.
- b. identifying 1-point, 2-point, and 3-point perspectives.
- c. identifying the axiomatic basis of projective geometry.
- d. identifying applications of projective geometry.